

OTP Group 1Q 2024 results

Conference call – 10 May 2024 László Bencsik, Chief Financial and Strategic Officer

Dominant position in CEE countries: No.1 in 5 countries based on net loans; ~3.5-fold loan growth and 11 acquisitions in 7 years. >42% of net loans in Eurozone + ERM2 countries, ~80% within the EU Outstanding profitability: 2023 ROE exceeded 27% and reached 23% in 1Q 2024 Strong liquidity position: 73% net LTD, wholesale debt to asset ratio at 7%, LCR ratio close to 250% Stable capital position: CET1 ratio at 16.7%, MREL ratio at 26.2%, 4th best result on the recent EBA stress test

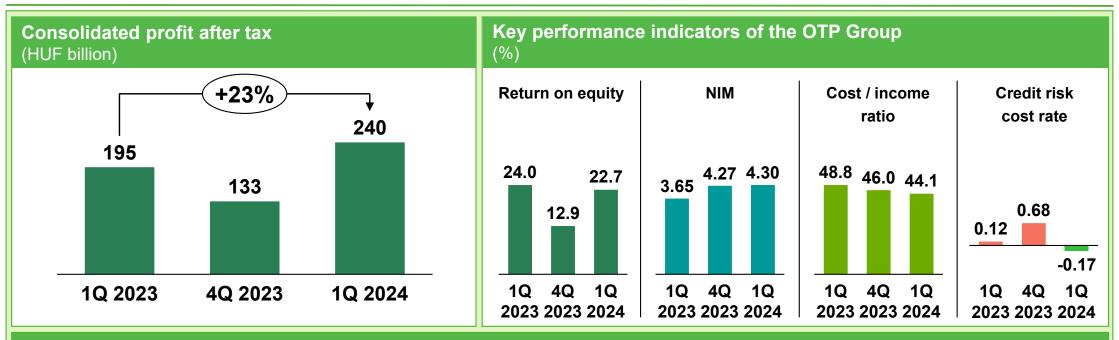
Strong portfolio quality:

After 34 bps credit risk cost rate in 2023, the balance of 1Q credit risk costs was positive with Stage 3 ratio at 4.3%

Strong commitment to ESG



OTP Group profit after tax increased by 23% y-o-y. The improvement stemmed mainly from the dynamic increase in core banking income and more favorable risk costs



One-off items recognized in 1Q in lump sum but relating to the entire year on consolidated level (after tax, HUF billion)

Adjustment items under the
old methodologySpecial tax on financial
institutions in Hungary-29Windfall tax in Hungary-10Total-39

Other special items booked in one sum in 1Q

Payment to the Compensation Fund and financial transaction tax after bank card transaction	-3	
Deposit insurance fee in Bulgaria, Slovenia and Romania	-15	
Total	-18	

One-off items in the total amount of **HUF 57 billion** weighed on the 1Q profit after tax, which items were booked in one sum in 1Q but related to the whole year.

Had these items been accounted for proportionally throughout 2024, the 1Q profit after tax would have been **HUF 283 billion** and the 1Q **ROE 26.7%**, respectively.



		OTP Group (consolidated)										
P&L (in HUF billion)	2023	1Q 2023	4Q 2023	1Q 2024	Q-o-Q FX-adj.	Y-o-Y FX-adj. w/o acq.						
Net interest income	1,462	311	426	435	2%	30%						
Net fees and commissions	478	103	132	121	-9%	14%						
Other net non-interest income	306	53	67	41	-39%	-26%						
Total income	2,246	467	625	598	-5%	20%						
Personnel expenses	-506	-108	-153	-130	-15%	14%						
Depreciation	-100	-25	-27	-27	-1%	79						
Other expenses	-373	-95	-107	-106	-2%	49						
Operating expenses	-980	-228	-287	-263	-9%	90						
Operating profit	1,266	239	337	334	-2%	309						
Provision for impairment on loan losses	-72	-6	-38	9								
Other risk cost	-15	-3	-9	-3	-72%	-719						
Total risk cost	-87	-9	-48	7								
Profit before tax	1,179	230	290	341	17%	42 °						
Corporate tax	-274	-124	-76	-101	34%	-239						
Adjusted profit after tax	905	106	213	240	11%	1319						
Adjustments (after tax)	86	89	-81	0								
Profit after tax	990	195	133	240	78%	99						

In 1Q 2024 the profit before tax grew by 42% y-o-y without acquisitions and FX-adjusted fueled by robust income growth
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Main performance indicators	2023	1Q 2023	4Q 2023	1Q 2024	Q-o-Q	Y-0-Y
ROE	27.2%	24.0%	12.9%	22.7%	9.7%p	-1.3%p
Performing loan growth (FX-adjusted)	+20%/+6%1	+11%/+1% ²	+1%	+1%/2% ³		
Net interest margin	3.93%	3.65%	4.27%	4.30%	0.03%p	0.65%p
Cost / Income ratio	43.6%	48.8%	46.0%	44.1%	-1.9%p	-4.7%p
Credit risk cost ratio	0.34%	0.12%	0.68%	-0.17%	-0.85%p	-0.28%p

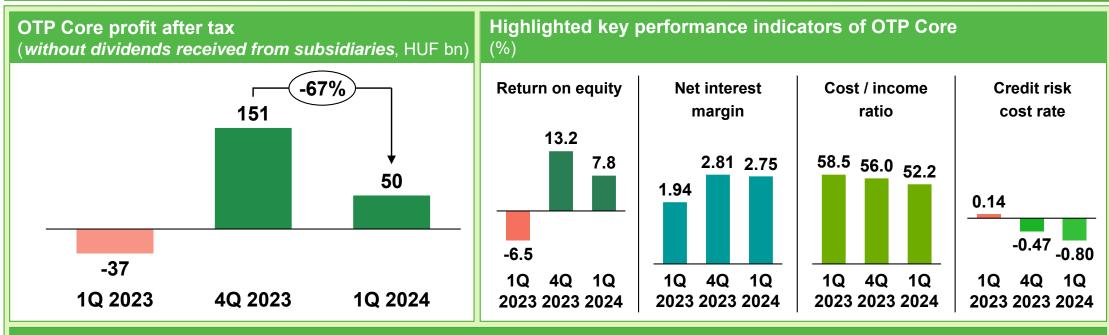
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¹ Without NKBM and Ipoteka acquisitions. ² Without NKBM acquisition. ³ Without OTP Bank Romania.



OTP Core realized HUF 50 billion profit after tax in 1Q 2024 without dividends received from subsidiaries



One-off items recognized in 1Q in lump sum but relating to the entire year at OTP Core (after tax, HUF billion)

Adjustment items under the old methodology	
Special tax on financial institutions	-27
Windfall tax	-10
Total	-37

Other special items booked in one sum in 1Q

Financial transaction tax after bank card transaction	-2	
card transaction	-2	

One-off items in the total amount of **HUF 40 billion** weighed on the 1Q profit after tax, which items were booked in one sum in 1Q but related to the whole year.

Had these items been accounted for proportionally throughout 2024, the 1Q profit after tax would have been **HUF 80 billion** (w/o dividends from subsidiaries).

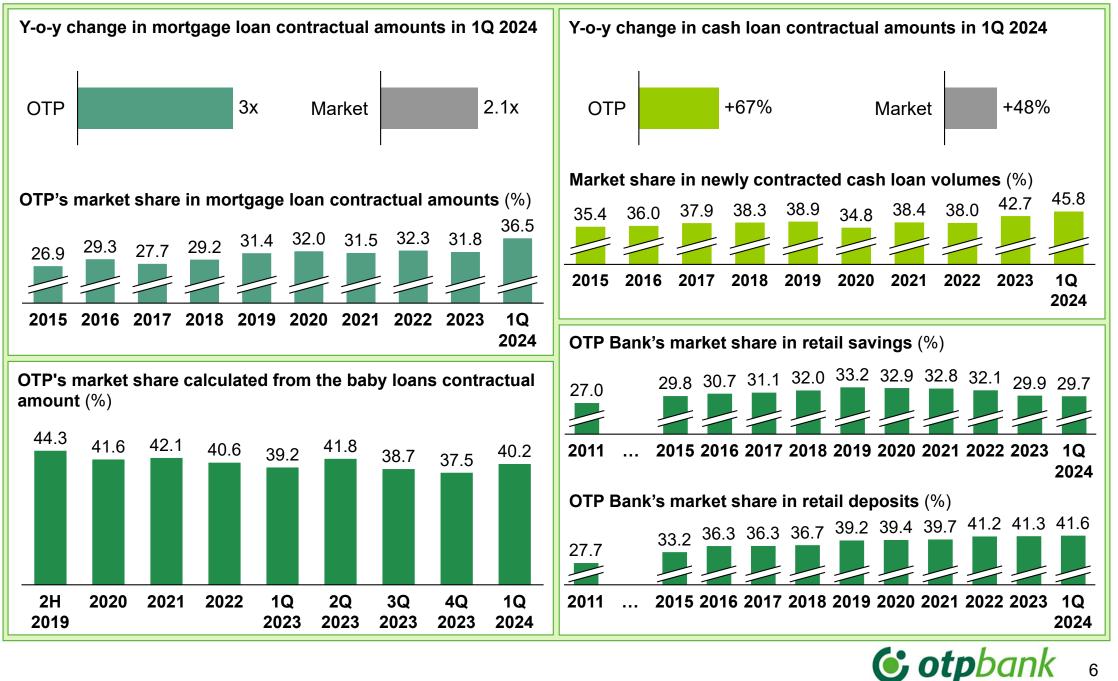
Dividends received from subsidiaries

HUF 251.5 billion dividend income from subsidiaries was accounted for at OTP Core in 1Q 2024, and including this, OTP Core's profit after tax reached HUF 301.5 billion in 1Q 2024.



OTP CORE

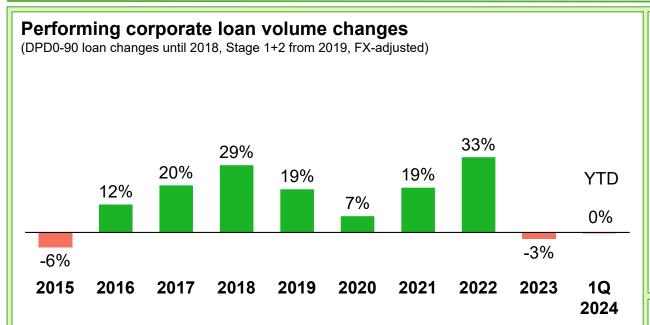
In 1Q 2024 mortgage loan contractual amounts tripled y-o-y at OTP Core, outperforming the market. OTP's market share in mortgage and cash loan flows, plus in retail deposits reached multi-year heights



OTP CORE

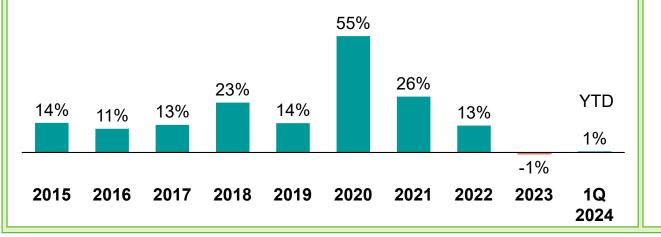
At OTP Core, micro and small business loans as well as corporate loans remained stable during 1Q 2024. Subsidized lending schemes continued to generate significant new loan disbursements

2008



Performing loan volume changes in the micro and small companies segment

(DPD0-90 loan changes until 2018, Stage 1+2 from 2019, FX-adjusted)



OTP Group's market share in loans to Hungarian companies¹ 20.0% 19.1% 12.4% 7.5%

2018

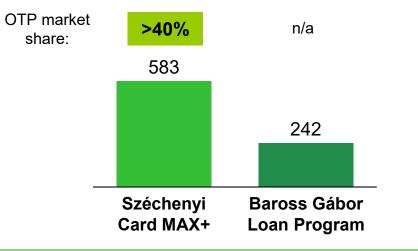
2022

1Q

2024

Contracted loan amount under the Széchenyi Card MAX+ and Baross Gábor Reindustrialisation Loan Program from the start until the end of 1Q 2024² (HUF billion)

2013



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¹ Aggregated market share of OTP Bank, OTP Mortgage Bank, OTP Building Society and Merkantil, based on central bank data (Supervisory Balance Sheet data provision until 2016 and Monetary Statistics from 2017). ² Source: KAVOSZ, OTP. The Széchenyi Card MAX+ Program offers preferential rate loans to customers from 23 December 2022; the Baross Gábor Reindustrialisation Loan Program was launched in February 2023.

In the first quarter of 2024 foreign subsidiary banks were profitable. Foreign profit contribution gradually increased in recent years reaching 74% in 1Q 2024

	Profit after tax 1Q 2023	¹ (HUF billion) 1Q 2024	ROE [´] 1Q 2023	1 1Q 2024	Cost / inco 1Q 2023	ome ratio 1Q 2024
DSK Group (Bulgaria)	35	43	19%	19%	45%	41%
SKB + NKBM (Slovenia)	13 ² <mark>6</mark> 19	26	20%	15%	46%	45%
OTP Bank Croatia	13	19	13%	18%	50%	48%
OTP Bank Serbia	16	20	18%	21%	40%	37%
Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	-	11	-	29%	-	32%
OTP Bank Ukraine	13	16	41%	38%	26%	30%
CKB Group (Montenegro)	4	5	18%	19%	43%	39%
OTP Bank Albania	3	5	21%	24%	53%	42%
OTP Bank Moldova	4	3	33%	15%	36%	53%
OTP Bank Russia	18	29	24%	40%	42%	30%
OTP Bank Romania	1	0	3%	0%	78%	80%



¹ Without adjustment items.

² NKBM contribution from February 2023.

Net interest income grew 2% q-o-q driven by Bulgaria, Uzbekistan and Russia



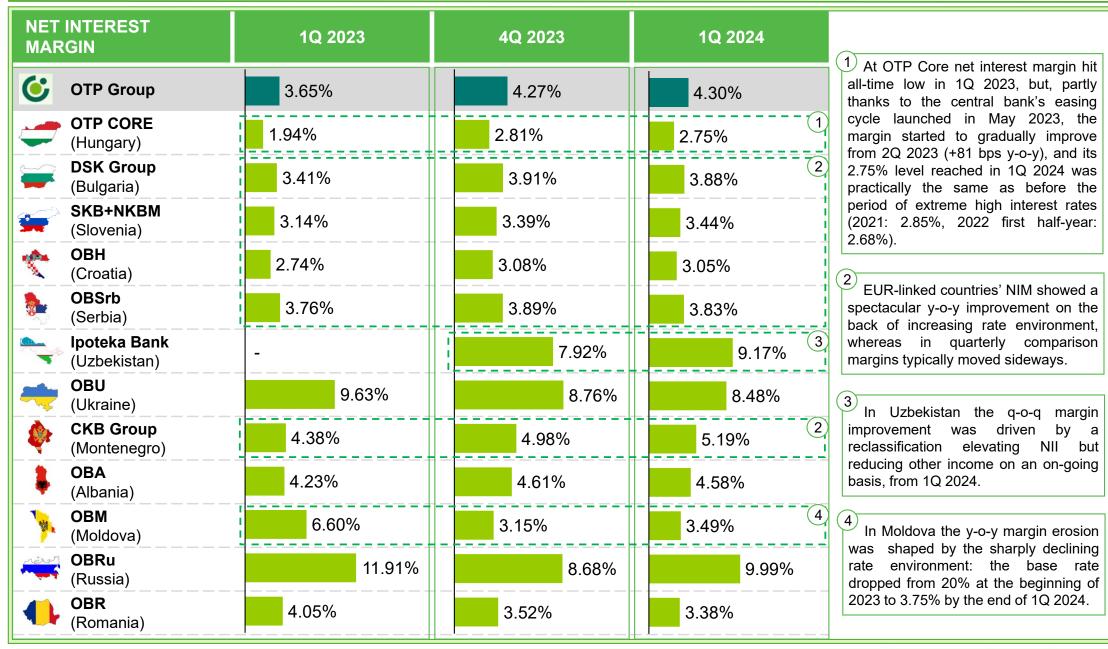
NET INTEREST1Q 2023INCOME(HUF billion)		4Q 2023 (HUF billion)	1Q 2024 (HUF billion)				4 Y-o-Y billion)	-		4 Q-o-Q billion)	1 OTP Core NII declined by 1% q-o-q as a result of the base effect of +HUF 13 billion one-off and technica			
Ċ	OTP Group		426	435		79 ¹	125	40%/ 30% ²		10	2%/ 2% ³	items occurring in 4Q. What benefited the first quarter NII was the decline in		
-	OTP CORE (Hungary)	90	138	137		48		53%	-1		-1% (1	the share of non-interest-bearing assets on the asset side, whereas on		
	DSK Group (Bulgaria)	50	61	64		15		30%		3	5% (2	the liability side the weight of retail deposits increased. In contrast, the		
	SKB+NKBM (Slovenia)	28	50	49	3	1 21	1 74%/25		0		0%	issuance of MREL-eligible bonds in 1Q resulted in extra interest expenses.		
1	OBH (Croatia)	20	25	25		4		22%	0		0%	2 In Bulgaria the healthy NII growth		
	OBSrb (Serbia)	24	27	28		4		15%	0	0	1%	was induced by continued strong volume growth, despite slightly		
	Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	-	24	27		27		-		3	14% (3	arrowing margin. 3 At Ipoteka Bank NII increased by		
-	OBU (Ukraine)	24	24	23	-1			-5%/-1% ³	-1		-4%	HUF 3.4 billion q-o-q, of which HUF 2.7 billion was explained by a technical		
٠	CKB Group (Montenegro)	7	8	8		2		25%		0	3%	item elevating NII in 1Q at the expense of other income. Without this item, NII		
1	OBA (Albania)	6	8	8		1		23%		0	1%	would have increased by 4% q-o-q.		
*	OBM (Moldova)	6	3	4	-2			-36%		0	14%	4 In Russia the q-o-q NII increase was caused mainly by a HUF 5 billion		
riers	OBRu (Russia)	30	31	40		10		34%/69% ³		9	29% 4	previous quarter. Also, NII benefited		
●	OBR (Romania)	16	14	14	-3			-16%	0		-3%	from higher interest income realized on central bank deposits.		
	Merkantil (Hungary)	7	6	6	-1			-7%		1	11%	5 The q-o-q decline in the Others		
	Others	2	5	1	-1			-67%	-5		-87% 5	segment was mainly driven by the eliminations (-HUF 3.5 billion effect).		

¹ Changes without the effect of acquisitions.
² Changes without the effect of acquisitions and FX-adjusted.
³ FX-adjusted change.



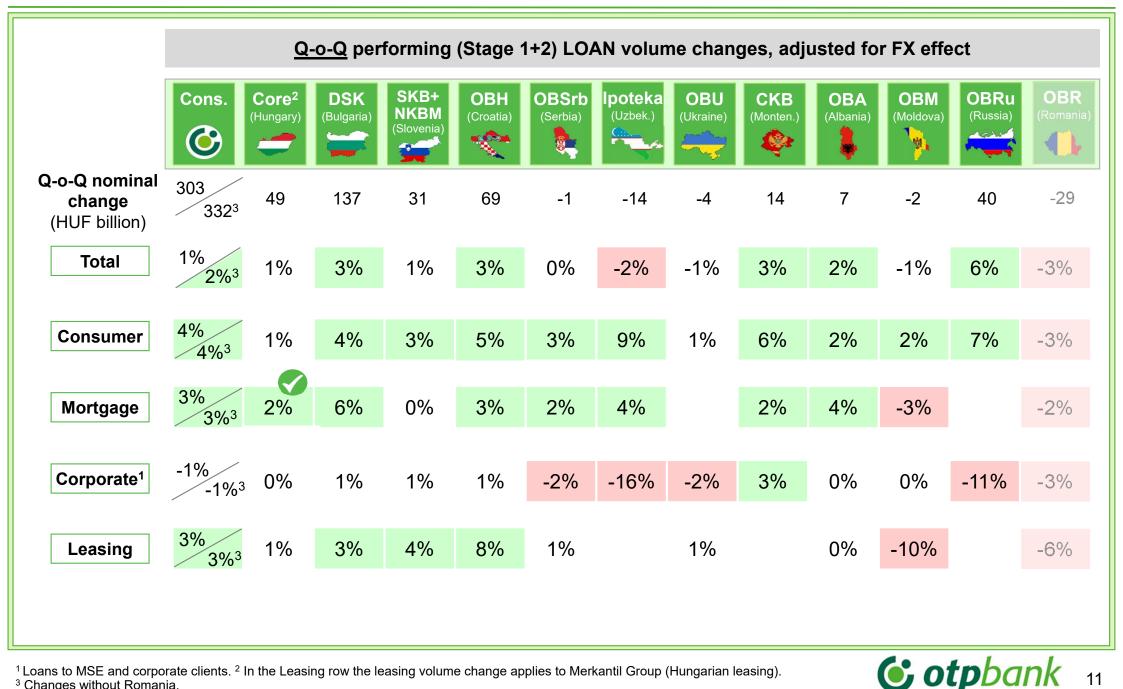
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Consolidated NIM picked up by 65 bps y-o-y driven mostly by the bounce-back in Hungary and the improvement in EUR-linked countries



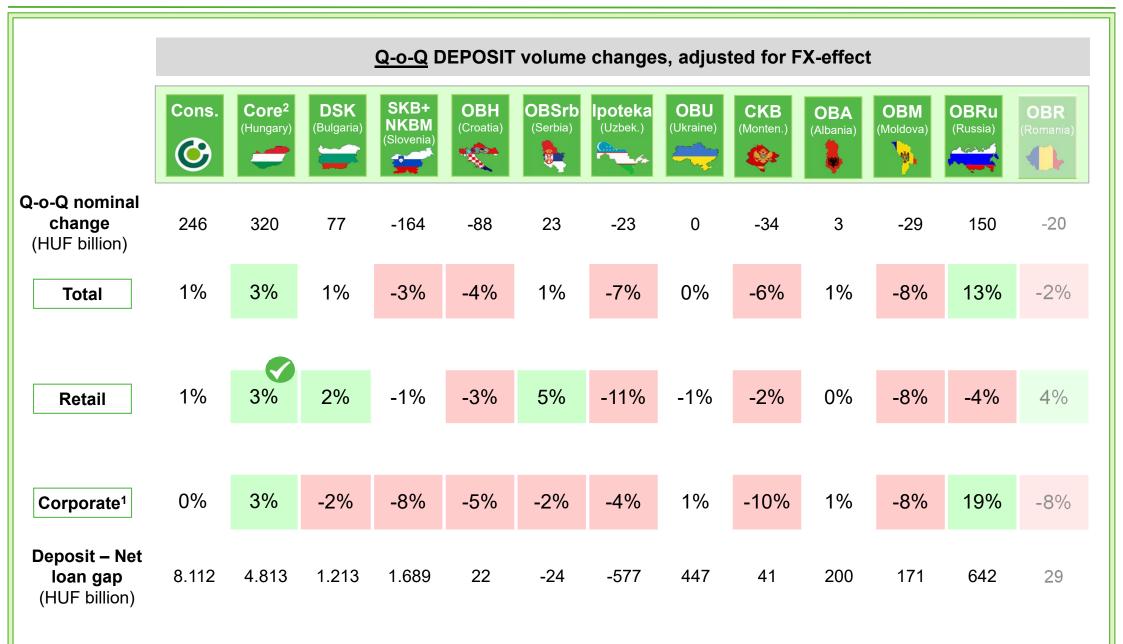


Consolidated performing loan volumes grew by 2% q-o-q without Romania, to a great extent driven by the strong performance in Bulgaria and Croatia. In Hungary mortgage loan growth accelerated and corporate exposures stabilized



¹ Loans to MSE and corporate clients. ² In the Leasing row the leasing volume change applies to Merkantil Group (Hungarian leasing). ³ Changes without Romania.

Consolidated deposits grew by 1% q-o-q due to the Hungarian household deposits turning into growth mode from 4Q 2023, expanding by 3% q-o-q in the first quarter



¹ Including MSE, MLE and municipality deposits.

² Including retail bonds.



The 14% y-o-y FX-adjusted growth in net fees was driven mainly by the Hungarian operation, OTP Core and Fund Management. The quarterly drop was mostly seasonal and one-off driven

Effect of
acquisitions

NET FEE INCOME	1Q 2023 (HUF billion)	4Q 2023 (HUF billion)	1Q 2024 (HUF billion)	1Q 2024 Y-o-Y (HUF billion)						Q-o-Q villion)	
OTP Group	103	132	121		11 ¹	18	17%/ 14% ²	-11			-8%/ -9% ²
OTP CORE (Hungary)	44	53	49		5		11%		-4		-7% 1
DSK Group (Bulgaria)	17	19	19		2		9%			0	1%
SKB+NKBM (Slovenia)	8	13	13	0 ¹	4		51%/-1%²		-1		-5% 2
OBH (Croatia)	5	6	6		1		10%		0		-3%
OBSrb (Serbia)	4	5	5		1		12%		0		-9%
Ipoteka Banl (Uzbekistan)	< _	3	2		2		-		0		-7%
OBU (Ukraine)	3	2	2	-1			-32%		0		-8%
Image: CKB Group (Montenegro)	1	2	2		0		27%		0		-11%
OBA (Albania)	1	1	1		0		10%			0	21%
Moldova)	1	1	1	0			-6%		0		-18%
(Russia)	9	11	10		1		9%/37% ³		-1		-11% (3)
(Moldova)	2	1	2	0			-12%			0	43%
Fund Mgmt. (Hungary)	4	11	7		3		93%		-4		-39% (4)

¹⁾ At OTP Core the 11% y-o-y fee growth was broad-based, lendingrelated fee income also started to pick up. Fees dropped by 7% q-o-q (by HUF 3.7 billion), mainly because the balance of one-off items deteriorated by HUF 4.6 billion q-o-q. One-offs amounted to -HUF 2.9 billion in 1Q, o/w the financial transaction tax for bank card transactions booked in a lump sum was -HUF 2 billion, and the full-year payment to the Compensation Fund hit -HUF 0.9 billion. One-offs amounted to +HUF 1.7 billion in 4Q 2023.

2) 5% q-o-q drop in Slovenia was due to seasonally weaker business activity.

3) In Russia net fees grew 37% y-o-y in RUB terms, mostly driven by account maintenance and transaction fees. The q-o-q drop was mostly the result of consumer loan disbursement falling by 17% q-o-q owing to product seasonality and further tightening of the payment-to-income ratio regulation from 1 January. Additionally, lower transaction volumes at the beginning of the year played a role, too.

⁴⁾ At OTP Fund Management the y-o-y growth was driven by soaring assets under management. The q-o-q decline was due to HUF 5.2 billion success fee recognized in 4Q 2023.



¹ Changes without the effect of acquisitions.

² Changes without the effect of acquisitions and FX-adjusted.

³ FX-adjusted change.

Other income decreased by 39% q-o-q, driven mainly by the lower FVA of subsidized loans at OTP Core

Effect of
acquisitions

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OTHER INCOME 1Q 2023 (HUF billion) 4Q 2023 (HUF billion) 1Q 2024 (HUF billion)					4 Y-o-Y billion)			2 4 Q-o-Q ⁼ billion)				
Ċ	OTP Group	53	67	41	-12 ¹	15	-23%/ -26% ²	-26		-39%/ -39% ³	1 At OTP Core other income materially	
-	OTP CORE (Hungary)	27	17	1	-26		-96%	-16		-94%	declined both q-o-q and y-o-y, partly because the fair value adjustment of subsidized baby loans and 'CSOK'	
	DSK Group (Bulgaria)	4	5	5		1	24%	0		0%	housing loans was altogether -HUF 6 billion in 1Q 2024, as opposed	
**	SKB+NKBM (Slovenia)	1	2	1	0 ¹ -	0	44%	0		-18%	to the positive fair value adjustments in the base periods: +HUF 3 billion in 1Q 2023 and +HUF 22 billion in 4Q 2023.	
1	OBH (Croatia)	1	2	1	0		-26%	-1		-37%		
	OBSrb (Serbia)	2	3	3		1	43%	0		-5%	2 In Uzbekistan, the q-o-q decrease in	
	Ipoteka Bank (Uzbekistan)	-	7	2		2		-5		-73%	other income was partly induced by a HUF 2.7 billion one-off item reducing other income but helping NII,	
-	OBU (Ukraine)	1	0	0	-1		-79%	0		-23%	altogether being neutral on profitability.	
٩	CKB Group (Montenegro)	0	0	0	0		-12%	0		-11%		
\$	OBA (Albania)	0	0	1		0	14%		0	35%		
1	OBM (Moldova)	1	2	2		0	31%	-1		-23%		
A CARAN	OBRu (Russia)	9	17	16		6	66%	-1		-6%		
.	OBR (Romania)	-1	3	2		3	-	-1		-31%		
	Others	6	8	8		2	35%	-1		-8%		

¹ Changes without the effect of acquisitions.
² Changes without the effect of acquisitions and FX-adjusted.
³ FX-adjusted change.

Amid high inflationary environment, FX-adjusted operating costs increased by 9% y-o-y without acquisitions

Effect of acquisitions

OPERATING COSTS 2024 1Q (HUF billion)		Y-o (HUF t		Y-o-Y, FX-adjusted (HUF billion)				
OTP Group	263	15 ¹ 35	15%/ 7% 1	<mark>191</mark> 40	18%/ 9% 1			
OTP CORE (Hungary)	98	3	4%	3	4%			
(Bulgaria)	36	5	15%	5	15%			
SKB+NKBM (Slovenia)	29	1 ^{1.} 11	66/15% ¹	1 ¹ - 11	66/15% ¹			
OBH (Croatia)	15	2	13%	2	13%			
OBSrb (Serbia)	13	1	8%	1	8%			
Ipoteka (Uzbekistan)	10	10		10	-			
OBU _(Ukraine)	8	0	2%	0	7%			
(Montenegro)	4	0	13%	0	13% ²			
OBA (Albania)	4	0	-3%	-1	-13% ⁽²⁾ t			
OBM (Moldova)	3	0	13%	0	8% c			
OBRu (Russia)	19	-1	-6%	3	19% 3			
(Romania)	14	0	3%	1	4% 3			
(Hungary)	4	1	23%	1	23% v			
Others	7	2	52%	2	23%			

¹ At OTP Core the 4% y-o-y growth was driven by:

- 6% increase in personnel expenses;
- 15% increase in depreciation stemming from higher software depreciation, owing partly to the ongoing replacement of the Core Banking System;
- Other expenses dropped by 2% y-o-y, largely because, in accordance with the funds approaching the target level required by the National Deposit Insurance Fund, the deposit insurance fees declined starting from the fourth quarter of 2023 (-HUF 3 billion y-o-y; this was partly offset by the rise in consultancy and IT costs.

²The newly acquired Albanian bank's P&L was consolidated from August 2022, and the integration process was completed by December 2023, allowing synergies to be extracted, which, together with the drop out of integration costs occurred in 1Q 2023, ultimately reflected in 13% y-o-y underlying cost savings.

³⁾ The Russian cost increase was due to wage inflation, while the average headcount declined by 5% y-o-y.



¹ Changes without the effect of acquisitions.

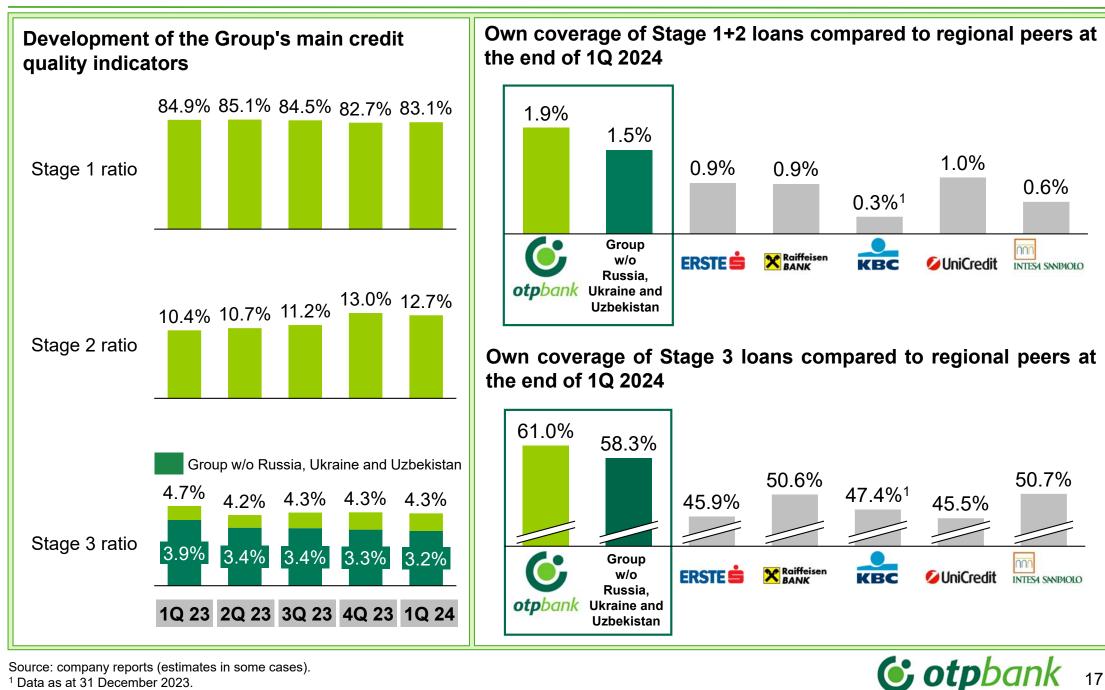
The sign of total risk costs turned into positive in 1Q with releases in Hungary and Croatia, and moderating risk costs in Uzbekistan

ΤΟΤΑ	L RISK COST	2023 (HUF billion)	2023 credit risk cost rate ¹	1Q 2023 (HUF billion)	4Q 2023 (HUF billion)	1Q 2024 (HUF billion)	1Q 2024 credit risk cost rate ¹	
Ċ	OTP Group	-87	0.34%	-9	-48	7	-0.17%	1 At OTP Core risk costs amounted
-	OTP CORE (Hungary)	-1	0.17%	-1	6	15	-0.80%	to +HUF 15 billion, including positive amounts both on the loan loss
~	DSK Group (Bulgaria)	3	-0.07%	0	-6	-1	0.15%	provision (+HUF 13 billion) and the other risk cost (+HUF 2 billion) lines. The positive sign of provision for
.	SKB+NKBM (Slovenia)	-12	0.09%	0	-2	-1	0.21%	loan losses was shaped by the release of provisions in the wake of
1	OBH (Croatia)	-1	-0.03%	1	-7	6	-1.10%	improving macroeconomic expectations, and by the recoveries
	OBSrb (Serbia)	-14	0.57%	0	-2	1	-0.23%	realized from the receivables managed by OTP Factoring, the
	lpoteka (Uzbekistan)	-52	10.03%	-	-27	-8	2.44%	work-out unit.
-	OBU (Ukraine)	4	-2.38%	-5	1	4	-3.60%	² In Croatia and Serbia, the positive sign of total risk costs was
٠	CKB Group (Montenegro)	2	-0.67%	0	0	0	-0.22%	determined by improving forward- looking macro expectations-related
\$	OBA (Albania)	0	-0.03%	0	1	1	-0.58%	releases.
*	OBM (Moldova)	3	-2.01%	0	0	0	-0.23%	³ At Ipoteka Bank risk costs
rener	OBRu (Russia)	-19	2.38%	-5	-7	-7	2.37%	moderated significantly from the high base in 4Q. In the first quarter,
•	OBR (Romania)	3	-0.24%	-2	-3	-2	0.84%	provisions were made mostly for Stage 2 retail and Stage 3 corporate exposures.
-	Merkantil (Hungary)	-4	0.80%	1	-3	0	-0.01%	

¹ A credit risk cost rate (defined as Provision for impairment on loan and placement losses (adj.) / Average gross customer loans) with negative sign is consistent with positive credit risk costs, i.e. releases.

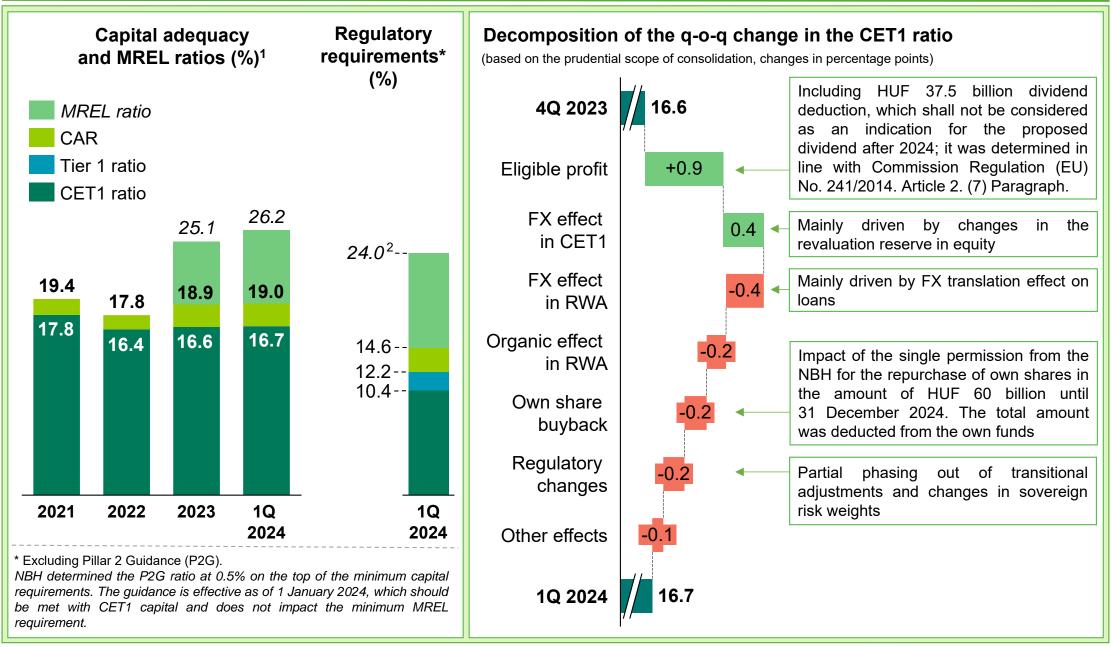


The Stage 3 ratio stayed flat q-o-q. Provisioning policy remained conservative compared to regional peers



Source: company reports (estimates in some cases). ¹ Data as at 31 December 2023.

The Group's capital and liquidity position remained stable, capital ratios improved even further q-o-q supported by the strong first quarter results

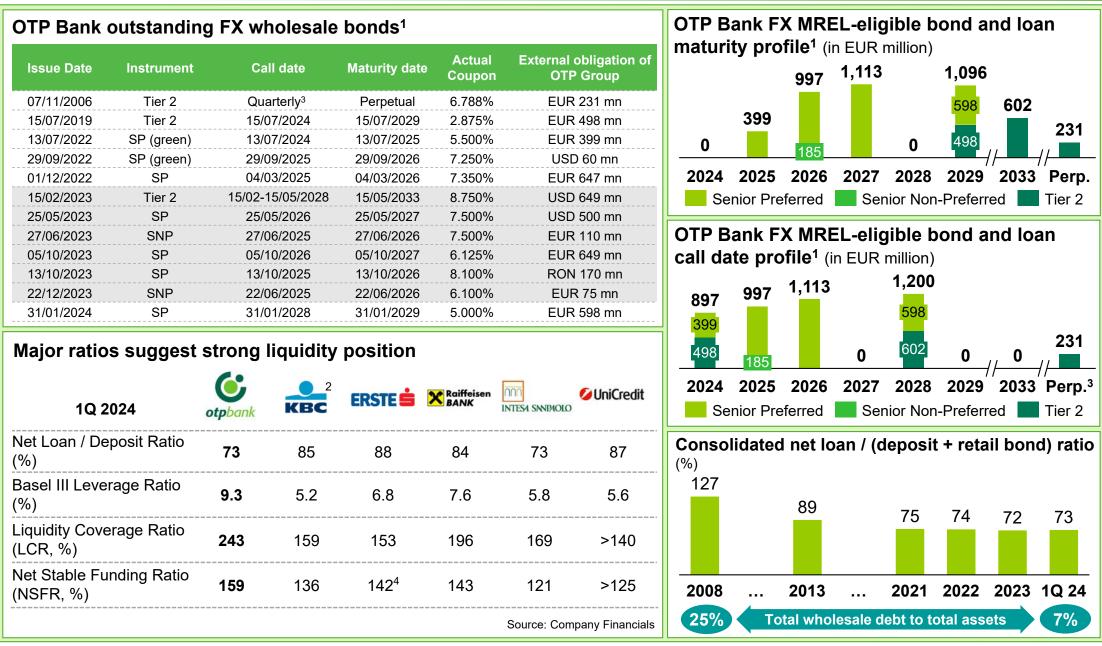


¹ Indicators are calculated based on the prudential scope of consolidation. In case of the MREL ratio, the calculation is based on OTP Bank Resolution Group's figures. In the absence of additional core capital (AT1), the Tier 1 rate is the same as the CET1 rate. ² MREL ratio: sum of the minimum requirement (18.94% of OTP Bank Resolution Group's RWA) determined by the Joint Decision of the Resolution College effective from 01/01/2024 and the Combined Buffer Requirement:

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Robust liquidity position: 73% net loan to deposit ratio, 243% LCR, 159% NSFR and relatively benign redemption profile



¹ Charts are based on group level external obligation. ² Data as at 31 December 2023. ³ The perpetual bond is callable on the following dates each year: 7 February, 7 May, 7 August and 7 November. ⁴ NSFR as of 02/24.

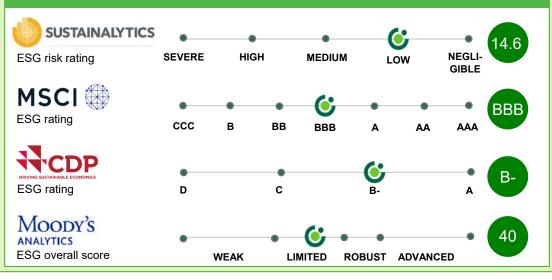


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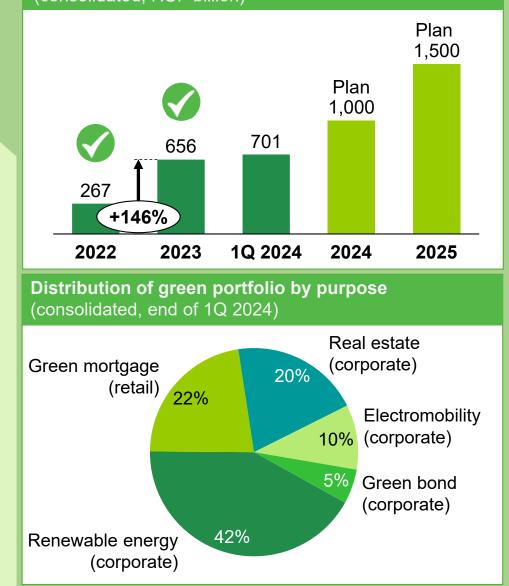
ESG RESULTS AND TARGETS								
	1Q 2024 Actual	Long-term KPIs						
Building the green loan portfolio ¹	Corporate: HUF 544 billion Retail: HUF 157 billion	Green loans of HUF 1,500 billion in total by 2025 for the Group						
Responsible employer	Employee engagement was 72% on group level	Steady increase in employee engagement, to reach global 75 th percentile (in 2023: 78%)						
Reducing own emissions	Net carbon neutrality reached in Hungarian operation	Total carbon neutrality by 2030 on Group level						
Transparent responsibility	OTP Bank Plc. is signatory of UN PRB; Integrated Report	OTP Bank will become a member of S&P Dow Jones Sustainability Index by 2025						

OTP Bank's actual ESG ratings



¹ According to OTP Group's internal definition for green loans.

Green loan stock¹ (consolidated, HUF billion)



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In 2024 economic growth is expected to accelerate in most operating countries

	2022 2023E 2024F			Bulgaria		Slovenia			Croatia			
			20222023E2024F		20222023E 2024F			20222023E2024F				
GDP growth (annual, %)	4.6	-0.9	2.5 ²	3.9	1.8	2.1	2.5	1.6	2.4	7.0	3.1	3.2
Unemployment (%)	3.6	4.1	4.7	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.0	7.0	6.2	6.5
Budget balance (% of GDP)	-6.2	-6.7	-4 .4 ²	-2.8	-3.0	-3.1	-3.0	-2.5	-2.2	0.1	-0.5	-1.0
Inflation (avg, %)	14.5	17.6	4.4	15.3	9.5	4.1	9.3	7.2	3.2	10.7	8.1	3.2
Reference rate ¹ (eop, %)	16.1	10.3	6.5	1.4	4.0	3.2	2.0	4.0	3.2	2.0	4.0	3.2
	Serbia		Albania		Montenegro			^C				
	2022 2023E 2024F			20222	20222023E 2024F		20222023E 2024F			20222023E 2024F		
GDP growth (annual, %)	2.5	2.5	3.5	4.9	3.4	4.1	6.4	6.0	4.3	5.7	6.0	5.7
Unemployment (%)	9.4	9.5	9.0	11.3	10.3	9.9	14.6	14.1	14.2	8.9	8.4	7.9
Budget balance (% of GDP)	-3.1	-2.2 -	2.3	-3.8	-1.3	-2.0	-4.3	0.1	-4.1	-4.2	-5.5	-6.0
Inflation (avg, %)	11.9	12.1	5.5	6.7	4.8	1.6	13.0	8.6	3.0	11.4	10.0	9.5
Reference rate ¹ (eop, %)	5.0	6.5	5.5	2.8	3.25	3.5	-	-	-	15.0	14.0	14.0
	Russia		Ukraine		Romania		Moldova					
	202220	22 2023E 2024F		20222	20222023E2024F		20222023E 2024F			20222023E 2024F		
GDP growth (annual, %)	-1.2	3.6	3.6	-28.8	5.3	3.5	4.1	2.1	3.2	-5.9	0.7	1.9
Unemployment (%)	4.0	3.2	3.4	21.0	20.0	17.0	5.6	5.6	5.5	3.1	4.6	4.6
Budget balance (% of GDP)	-2.1	-1.9 -	1.0	-16.1	-20.4	-20.0	-6.3	-6.6	-6.5	-3.3	-5.5	-4.5
Inflation (avg, %)	13.8	6.0	6.6	20.2	12.9	8.0	13.7	10.5	6.0	28.8	14.1	5.5
Reference rate ¹ (eop, %)	7.5	16.0 1	3.0	25.0	15.0	12.0	6.8	7.0	6.5	20.0	4.75	5.0

Source: OTP Research Department. ¹ Base rates, except for: Hungary: 3M BUBOR; Croatia and Slovenia: ECB deposit facility rate; Bulgaria: Leonia Plus interbank rate; Albania: 3M Tribor; Moldova: 91 days T-bill. ² Government forecast.



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Management guidance for 2024 – OTP Group

We expect improving GDP growth rate, declining inflationary and rate environment, which may have positive impact on loan demand and portfolio quality. Therefore:

- FX-adjusted organic performing loan volume growth may be higher than in 2023.
- The consolidated net interest margin may be similar to 2023.
- The consolidated cost-to-income ratio may be around 45%.
- Portfolio risk profile may be similar to 2023.
- Leverage is expected to decline, therefore ROE may be lower than in 2023.

On 26 April 2024 the Annual General Meeting approved HUF 150 billion dividend payments.

On 12 February 2024 the National Bank of Hungary approved the buyback of HUF 60 billion equivalent of own shares until 31 December 2024.

For the rest of the year the Bank may issue one or two MREL-eligible Senior Preferred or Senior Non-Preferred bonds with benchmark size.



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OTP Bank Investor Relations

Tel: + 36 1 473 5460; + 36 1 473 5457

E-mail: investor.relations@otpbank.hu www.otpbank.hu



Questions and Answers session

